Employment Development Department Labor Market Information Division http://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov (916) 262-2162

## Monthly Labor Force Data for Cities and Census Designated Places (CDP) August 2021 - Preliminary Data Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Labor	Employ-	Unemployment		Census Ratios	
Area Name	Force	ment	Number	Rate	Emp	Unemp
Imperial County	68,500	55,200	13,300	19.4%	1.000000	1.000000
Brawley city	9,900	8,200	1,700	17.1%	N/A	N/A
Calexico city	17,200	12,000	5,200	30.4%	N/A	N/A
Calipatria city	1,200	900	300	27.2%	0.015781	0.024486
El Centro city	17,800	15,100	2,700	15.1%	N/A	N/A
Heber CDP	1,400	1,200	100	10.1%	0.022622	0.010580
Holtville city	2,400	1,800	600	23.9%	0.033309	0.043531
Imperial city	7,500	6,300	1,200	15.5%	0.114742	0.087666
Westmorland city	900	700	200	19.7%	0.012535	0.012797

CDP is "Census Designated Place" - a recognized community that was unincorporated at the time of the 2015-2019 5-Year American Community Survey (ACS).

## Notes:

- 1) Data may not add due to rounding. All unemployment rates shown are calculated on unrounded data.
- 2) These data are not seasonally adjusted.
- 3) N/A = Estimate created by Bureau of Labor Statistics

## Methodology:

Monthly city labor force data are derived by multiplying current estimates of county employment and unemployment by the relative employment and unemployment shares (ratios) of each city at the time of the 2015-2019 American Community Survey. Ratios for cities were developed from special tabulations based on ACS employment, unemployment, and population and Census population from the Bureau of Labor Statistics. For smaller cities and CDPs, ratios were calculated from published census data.

Monthly CDP's labor force data are derived by multiplying current estimates of county employment and unemployment by the relative employment and unemployment shares (ratios) of each CDP at the time of the 2015-2019 ACS survey. Ratios for CDPs' were developed from special tabulations based on ACS employment and unemployment from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

This method assumes that the rates of change in employment and unemployment since the 2015-2019 American Community Survey are exactly the same in each city and CDP as at the county level (i.e., that the shares are still accurate). If this assumption is not true for a specific city or CDP, then the estimates for that area may not represent the current economic conditions. Since this assumption is untested, caution should be employed when using these data.